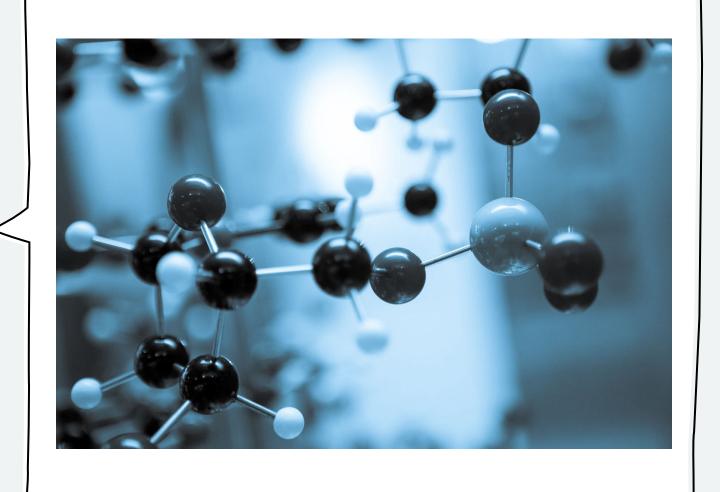
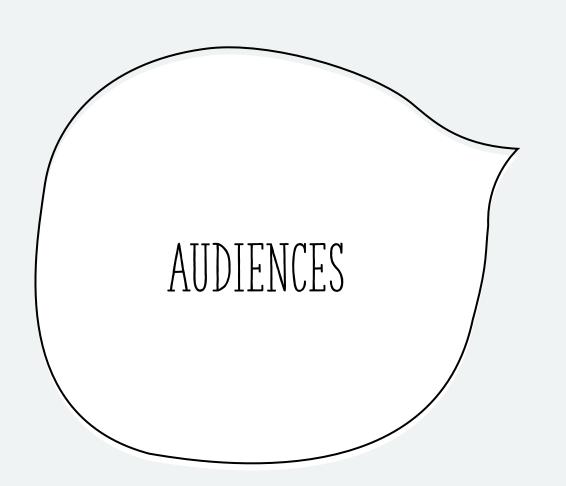
# IS RESEARCH INTEGRITY RELEVANT TO SCIENCE COMMUNICATION?

(the communication of science beyond researchers)

Mun-Keat Looi, The BMJ and Imperial College London





'The Public' Policymakers Parents Patients Budget holders Other researchers (not necessarily in your field)



# WELLCOME MONITOR: HOW THE BRITISH PUBLIC ENGAGE WITH HEALTH RESEARCH

Survey of >2,600 people in England, Wales and Scotland.

#### A snapshot of:

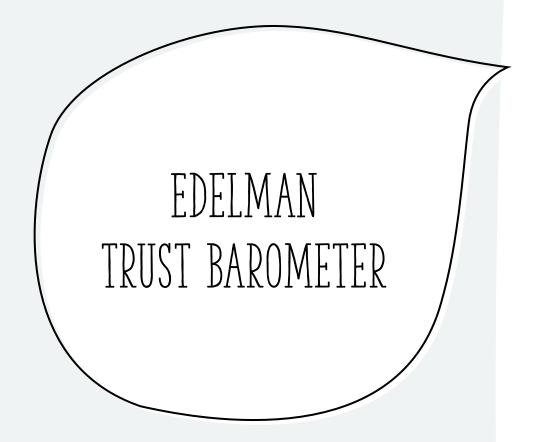
- the public's appetite for engagement with health research
- how the public access, engage with, and get involved in health research
- how health research engagement varies for different groups of people

### 2020 WELLCOME MONITOR RESULTS

- Most people are interested in health-related information (73%) but only a minority actively seek it out (28%).
- Younger people, those with higher education, and Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic (BAME) are more likely to actively seek it out.
- More people are interested in hearing directly from scientists (82%) than in 2015 (63%),
- ....yet only 36% feel that scientists are interested in their views.
- 2 in 3 people feel health research has had a positive impact on their life
- Those facing financial difficulties, from BAME groups, and those aged under 50 are more likely to feel it has had either no impact or a negative one.
- Black people are far more likely to distrust (18%) the health information they find than White people (4%)
- 29% of people said they get health information from social media, but this is higher among younger people, people from BAME groups, and those facing financial difficulties.

## WELLCOME MONITOR: COVID-19 FOCUS

- Health scientists and researchers were largely trusted on information about coronavirus (72% of participants trusted them completely or a great deal).
- They were followed by government science advisors (63%), the UK government (52%) and employers (45%).
- BAME people were less trusting than White people of coronavirus information from health sector and government sources.
- People who trusted scientists were more likely to see prevention measures as effective; but trust in scientists did not have an effect on uptake of such measures.



#### 2024 Edelman Trust Barometer

Methodology

#### **Annual online survey in its 24th year**

Fieldwork conducted: Nov 3 - Nov 22, 2023

**28** 

32,000+

1,150+/-

Countries Respondents

Respondents per country\*\*

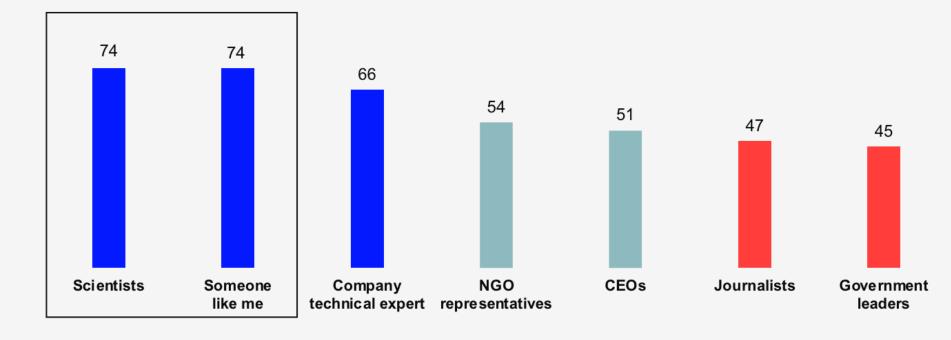
Argentina	Colombia	Ireland	Mexico	S. Africa	UAE
Australia	France	Italy	Netherlands	S. Korea	UK
Brazil	Germany	Japan	Nigeria	Spain	U.S.
Canada	India	Kenya	Saudi Arabia	Sweden	
China	Indonesia	Malaysia	Singapore	Thailand	

Data collected is representative of the general population across age, gender, region and ethnicity/nationality (where applicable) within each country.

GLOBAL 26 Excl China, Saudi Arabia



I trust each to tell me the truth about new innovations and technologies

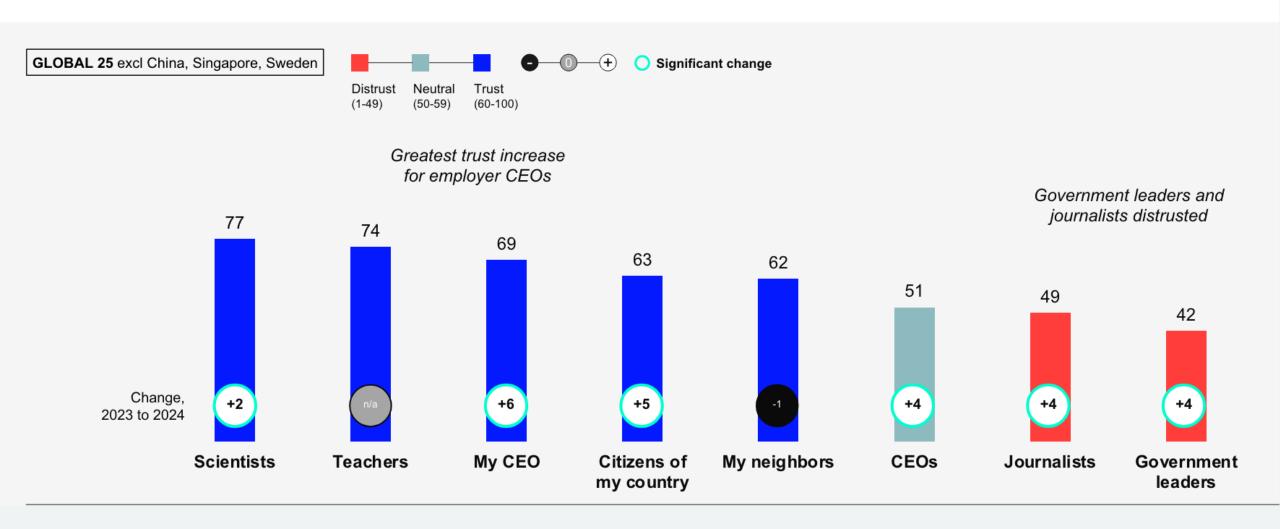


**2024 Edelman Trust Barometer.** TRU\_PEP\_TCNG. Below is a list of categories of people. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that person or group of people to tell you the truth about new innovations and technologies. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. Question asked of half the sample. General population, 26-mkt avg. "Government leaders" not asked in China or Saudi Arabia.



#### **Trust in People**

Percent trust to do what is right



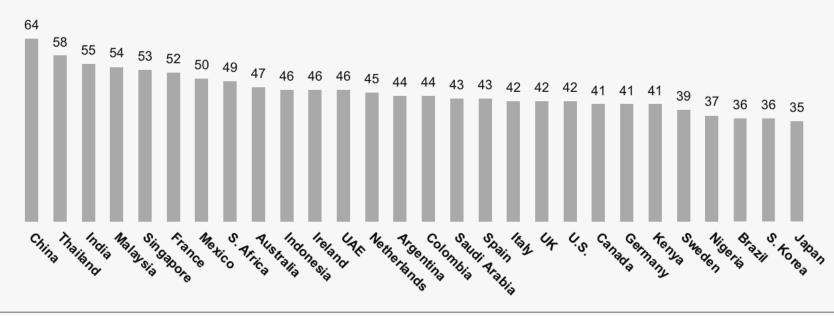
#### Make the Science Transparent and Accessible to the Public

Percent who agree

**GLOBAL 28** 

Scientists do not know how to communicate with people like me

45%





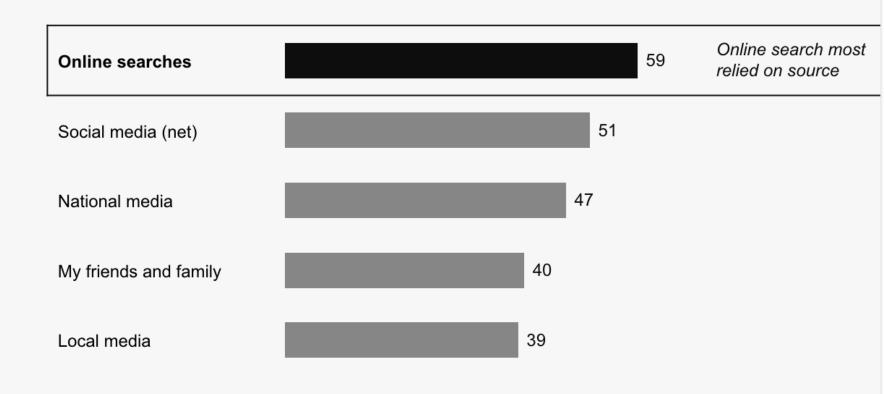
#### Doing My Own Research: Help Me Find Information I Can Trust

nt who say

AL 28

s where I get most of my mation about new nologies and innovations

top 5 of 9 items





2024 Edelman Trust Barometer

#### **Concerned Government Has Too Much Influence on Science**

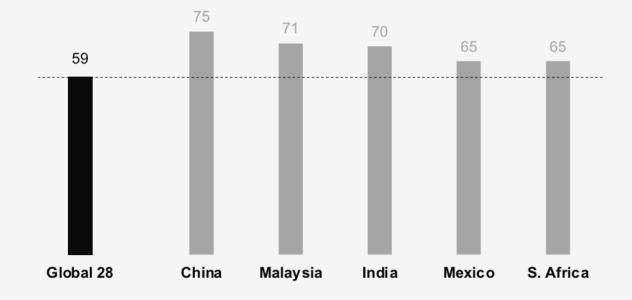
Percent who agree

GLOBAL 28 Top 5 of 28 countries

#### Science has become politicized in this country

#### 

#### Government and organizations that fund research have **too much influence** on how science is done





#### early 2x More Likely to Fear Innovation Poorly Managed

average, percent who say

OBAL 28

#### In thinking about innovation –

- Do I trust how **business** and **NGOs** introduce innovations into society?
- Can **government** regulate new technologies?
- Is science independent of politics and money?



39

Neither